

# Alzheimer's Disease and Amyloid- $\beta$ Oligomers: An Endeavor in Rational Drug Design

Anselm H. C. Horn, Heinrich Sticht

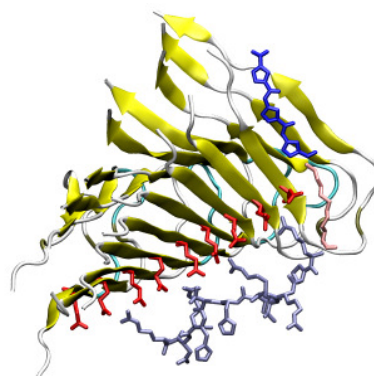
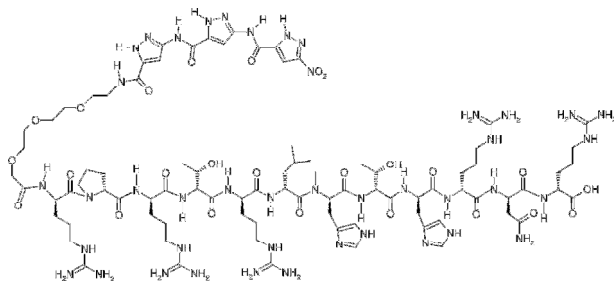
*Bioinformatik, Institut für Biochemie, Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg*

Alzheimer's disease (AD) has become a major threat to public health. Notwithstanding the impressive research efforts in many areas over the last years, a viable medication to AD is still not available to date. As converging lines of evidence suggest amyloid- $\beta$  ( $A\beta$ ) peptide oligomers to be the main neurotoxic species in AD,[1] investigation of the interaction of potential drug candidates with these species has gained much interest.[2]

This contribution will summarize our findings from molecular dynamics (MD) simulations about the conformational stability of small fibrillar  $A\beta$  oligomers (up to the pentamer).[3]

In the second part we present results from rational drug design of ligands targeting fibrillar  $A\beta$  oligomers. Starting point for this development was the aminopyrazole trimer ligand, which is known to possess  $\beta$ -sheet-breaking properties. By the design of suitable substituents which target different regions of the  $A\beta$  peptide the binding properties of the trimer ligand were significantly improved.[4]

A major activity enhancement of the trimer ligand-class was achieved, when it was covalently linked to another anti- $A\beta$  substance, the D3-peptide.[5] This can be rationalized, as both molecules, the aminopyrazole trimer and the D3 peptide, target distinct  $A\beta$  regions in spatial proximity. The resulting hybrid ligand showed anti- $A\beta$  properties superior to the isolated educt molecules.[6]



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